

Polygons

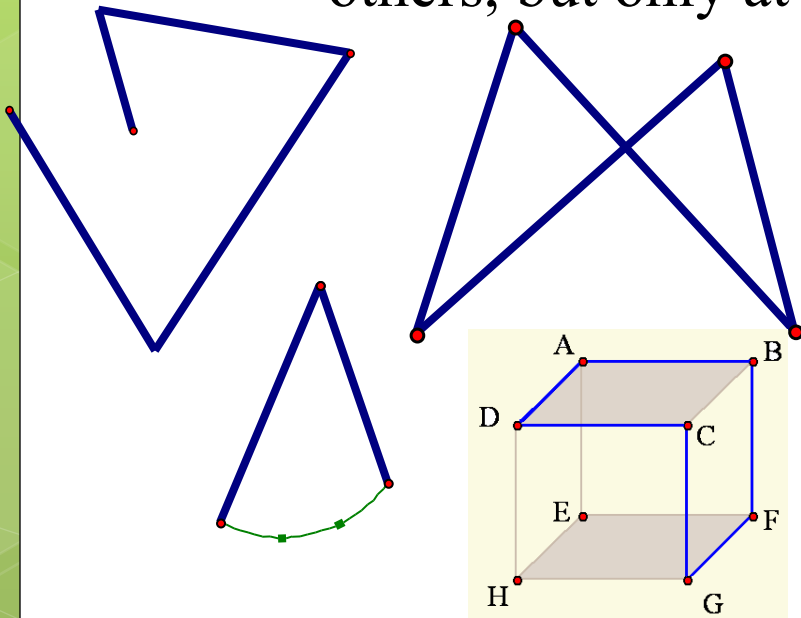
Lesson 3-4

Modified by Lisa Palen

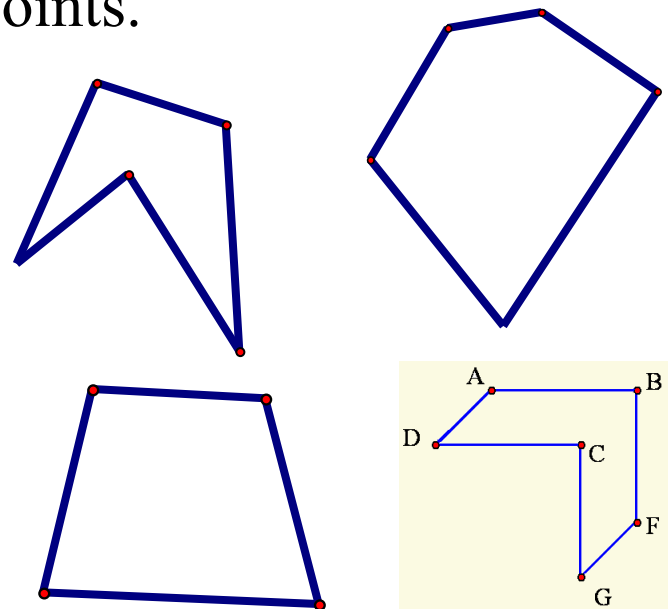


Polygons

Definition: A closed figure formed by a finite number of coplanar segments so that each segment intersects exactly two others, but only at their endpoints.



These figures are **not polygons**

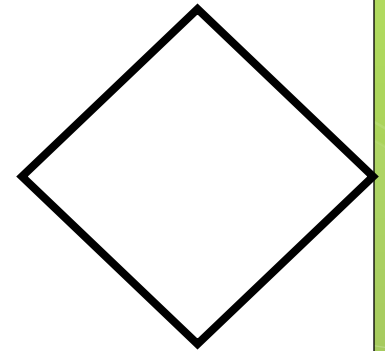


These figures are **polygons**

Classifications of a Polygon

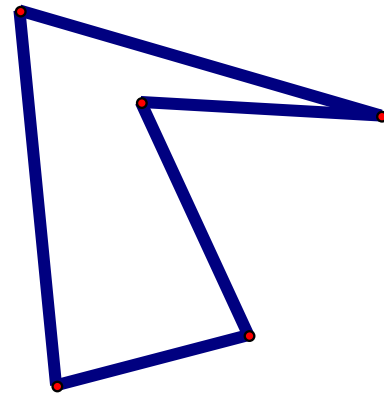
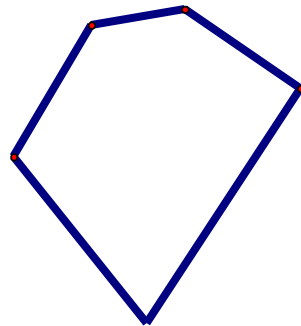
Regular: A polygon in which all angles are congruent and all sides are congruent

That's an equiangular equilateral polygon.



Irregular:

A polygon that is not regular

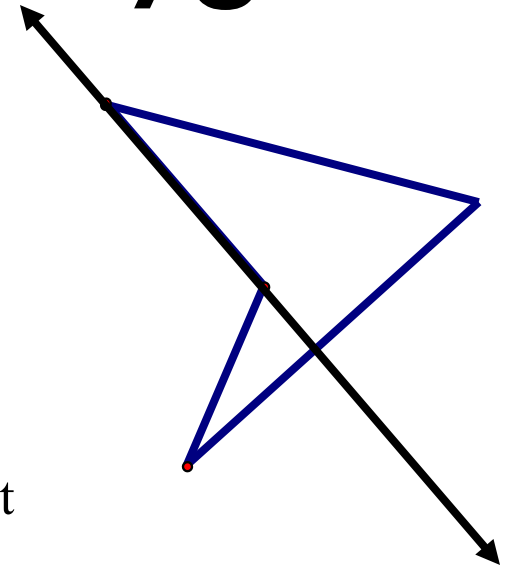


Classifications of a Polygon

Concave: Like a cave.
Has indentations.

A polygon that has at least one angle that measures **more than** 180° (a reflex angle)

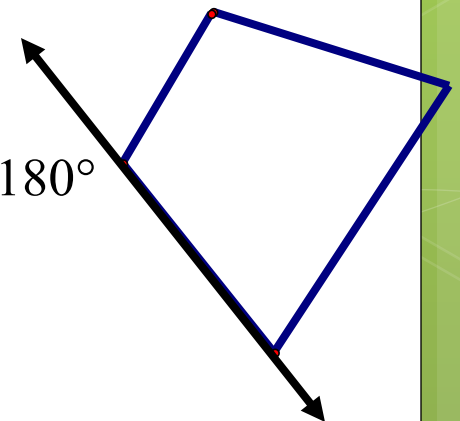
A polygon for which there is a line containing a side of the polygon and a point in the interior of the polygon.













Convex: Has no indentations.

A polygon with **no** angles measuring more than 180°

No line containing a side of the polygon contains a point in its interior

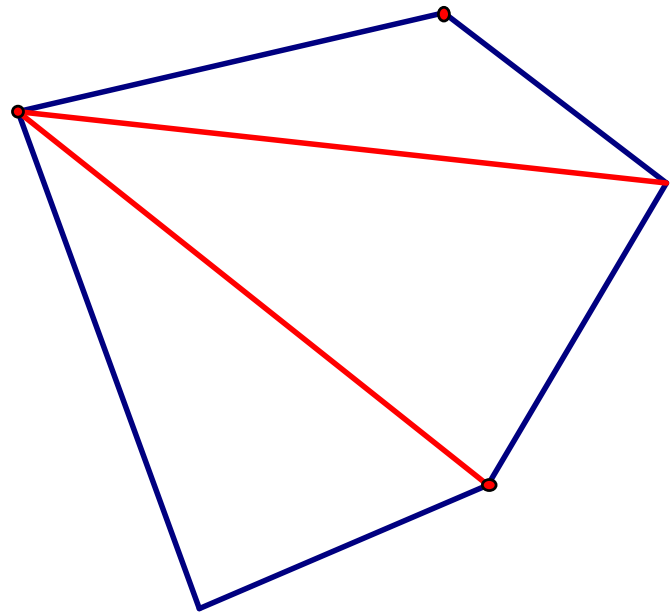
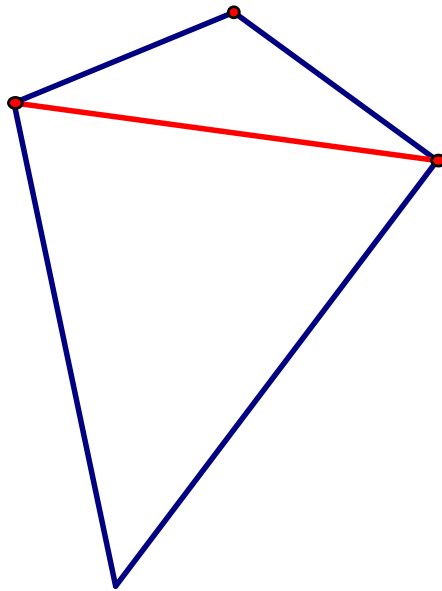


Polygon Names

3 sides		Triangle
4 sides		Quadrilateral
5 sides		Pentagon
6 sides		Hexagon
7 sides		Heptagon
8 sides		Octagon
9 sides		Nonagon
10 sides		Decagon
12 sides		Dodecagon
n sides		n-gon

Diagonal of a Polygon

a segment connecting nonconsecutive vertices of a polygon

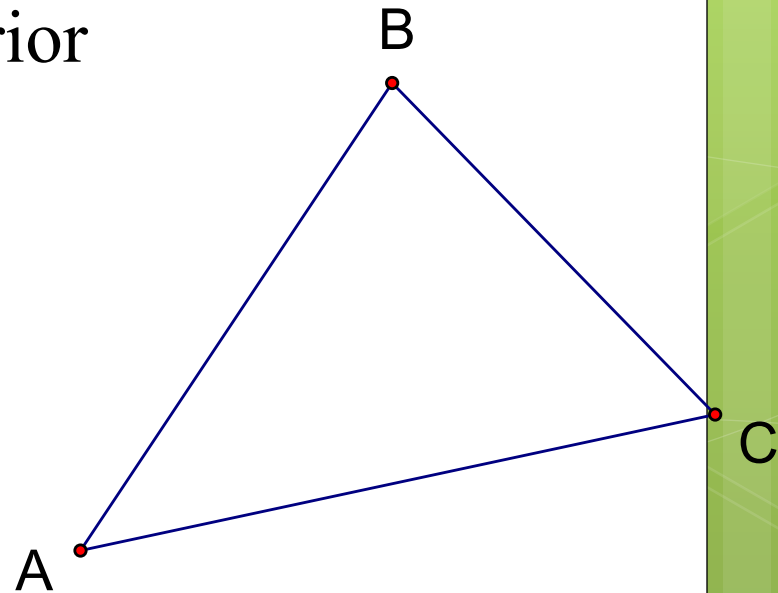


Interior Angle of a Polygon

The **interior angles** of a polygon are the angles inside the polygon, formed by two adjacent sides.

For example, $\triangle ABC$ has interior angles:

$\sphericalangle ABC$, $\sphericalangle BAC$, $\sphericalangle BCA$

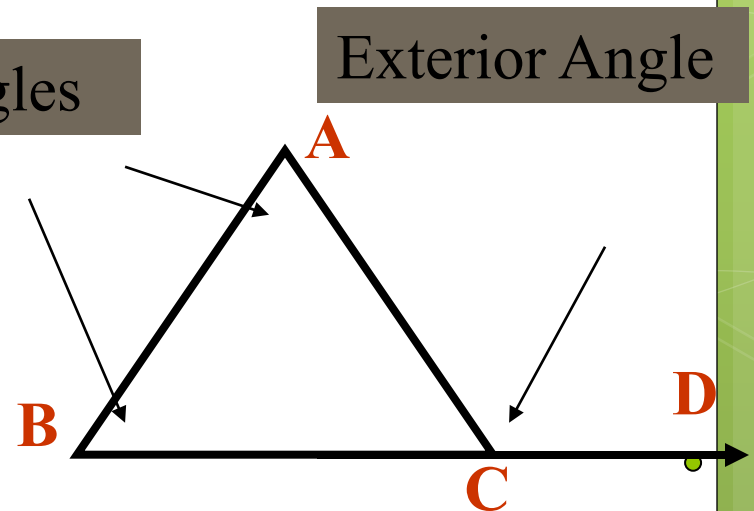


Exterior Angle of a Polygon

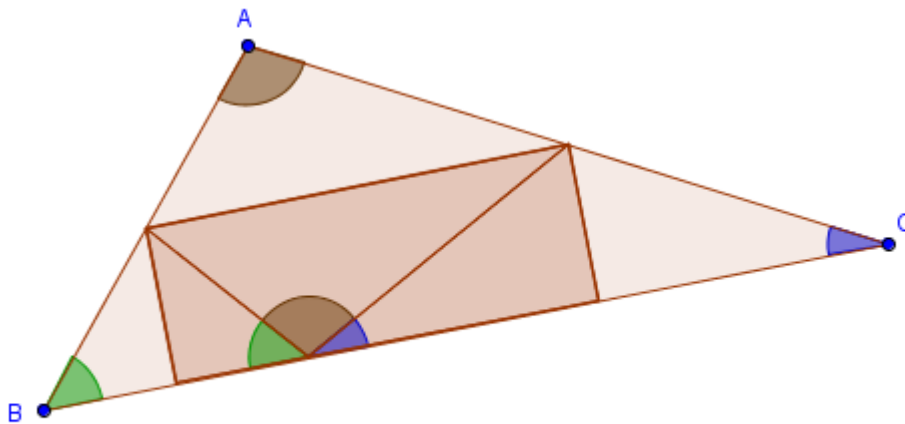
An **exterior angle** of a polygon is an angle that forms a linear pair with an interior angle. It is an angle outside the polygon formed by one side and one extended side of the polygon.

For example, $\triangle ABC$ has exterior angle:

$\sphericalangle ACD$. It forms a linear pair with $\sphericalangle ACB$.



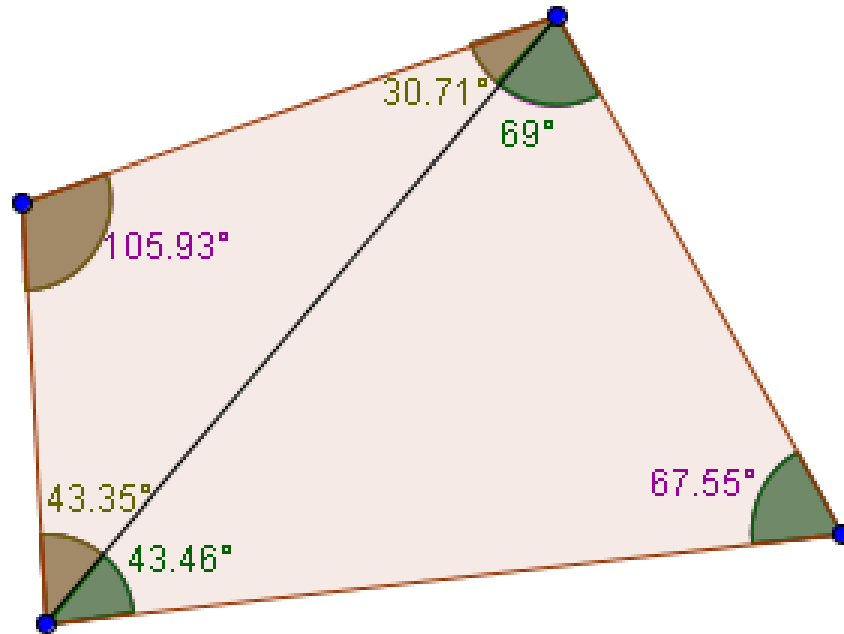
What is the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a 3-gon?



$$m\angle A + m\angle B + m\angle C = 180^\circ$$

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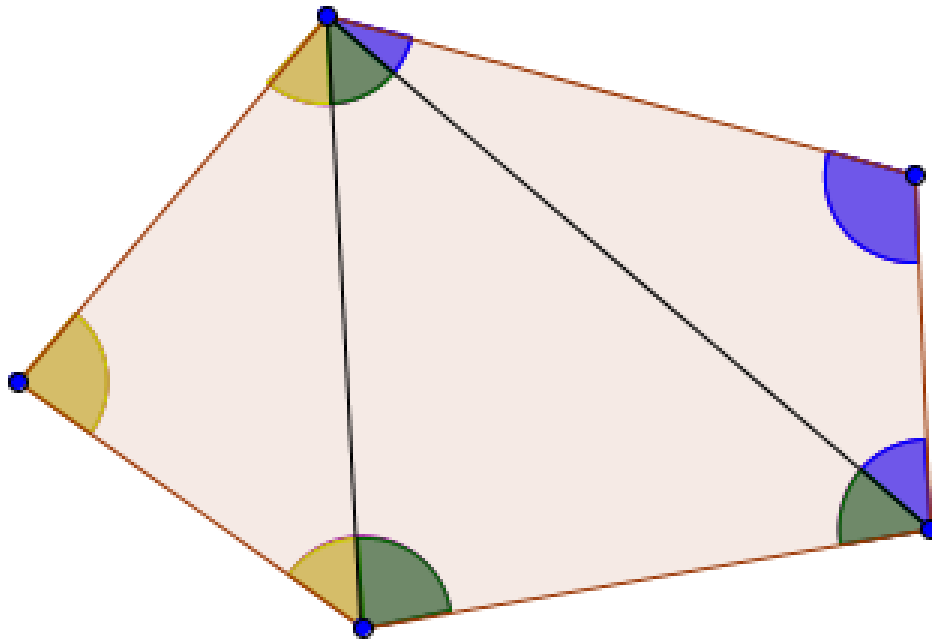
What is the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a convex 4-gon?



$$180^\circ + 180^\circ = 360^\circ$$

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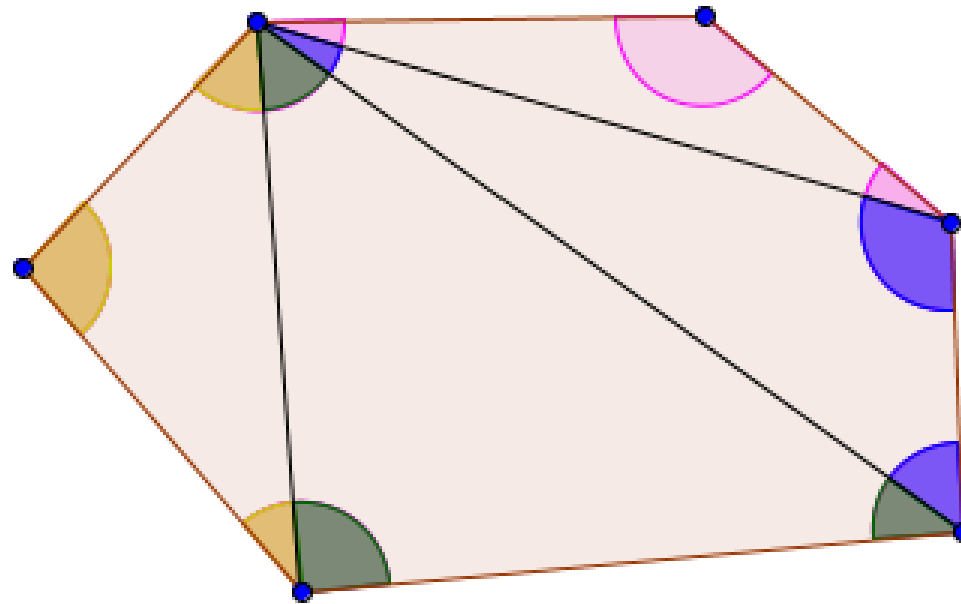
What is the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a convex 5-gon?



$$180^\circ + 180^\circ + 180^\circ = 540^\circ$$

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What is the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a convex 6-gon? (a hexagon)



$$180^\circ + 180^\circ + 180^\circ + 180^\circ = 720^\circ$$

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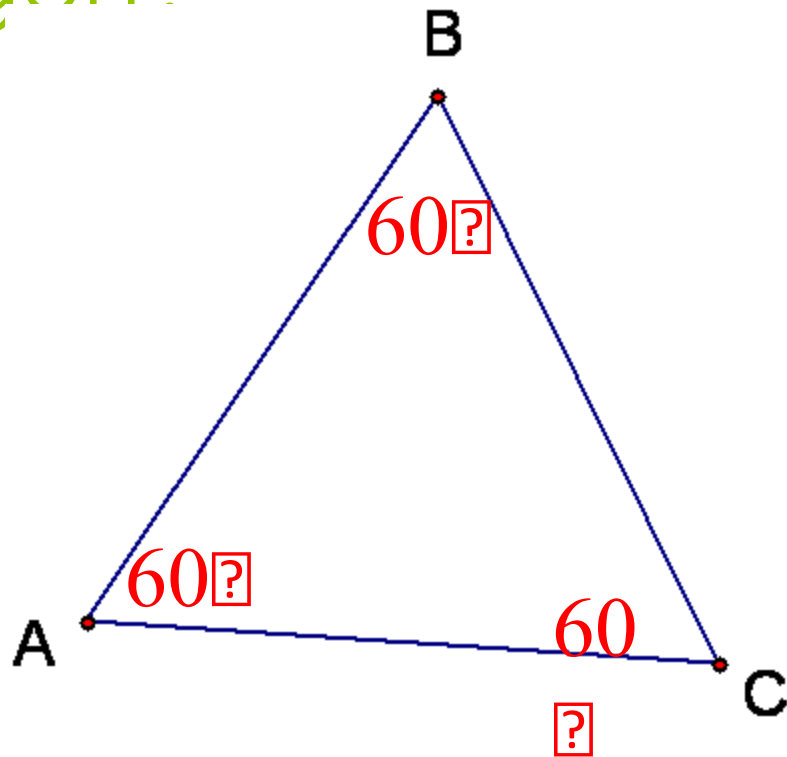
What is the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a regular n-gon?

$$\text{sum} = (n - 2)180$$

What is the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a convex n-gon?

Polygon	Number of Sides	Sum of Measures of Interior Angles
Triangle	3	180°
Quadrilateral	4	360°
Pentagon	5	540°
Hexagon	6	720°
n-gon	n	$(n - 2)180^\circ$

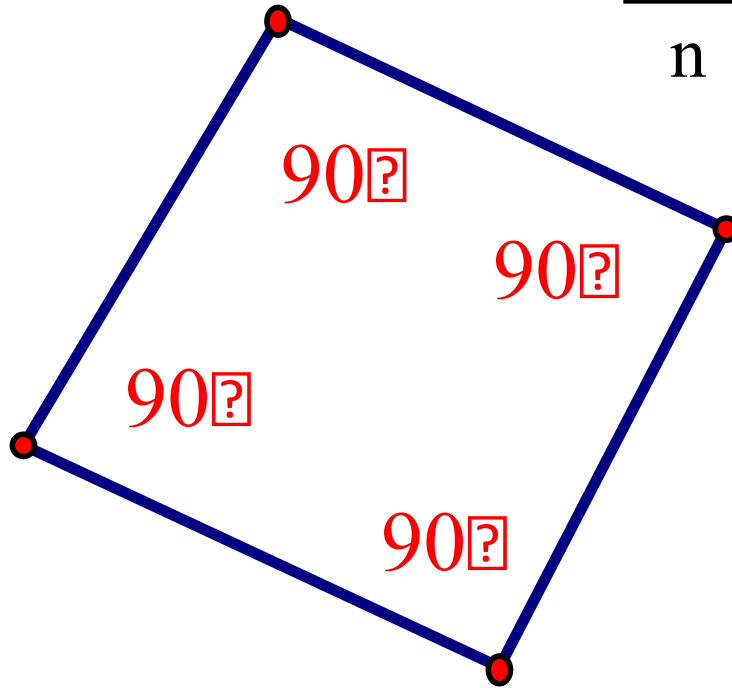
What is the measure of each interior angle of a regular 3-gon?



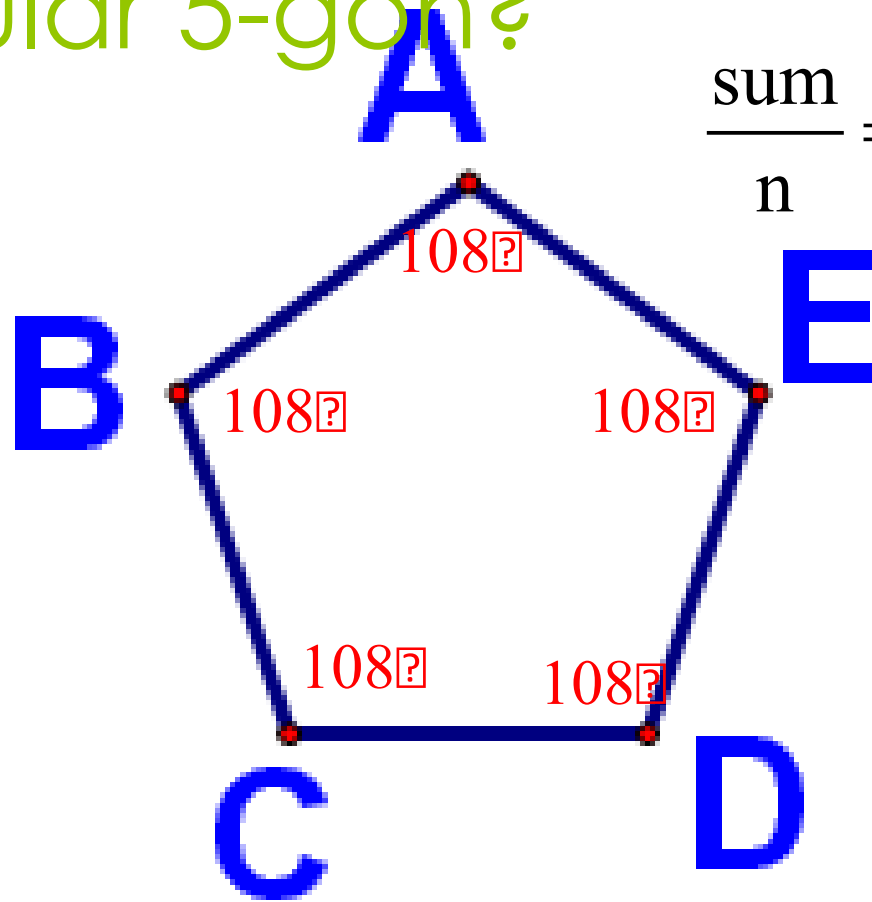
$$\frac{\text{sum}}{n} = \frac{180^\circ}{3} = 60^\circ$$

What is the measure of each interior angle of a regular 4-gon?

$$\frac{\text{sum}}{n} = \frac{360^\circ}{4} = 90^\circ$$



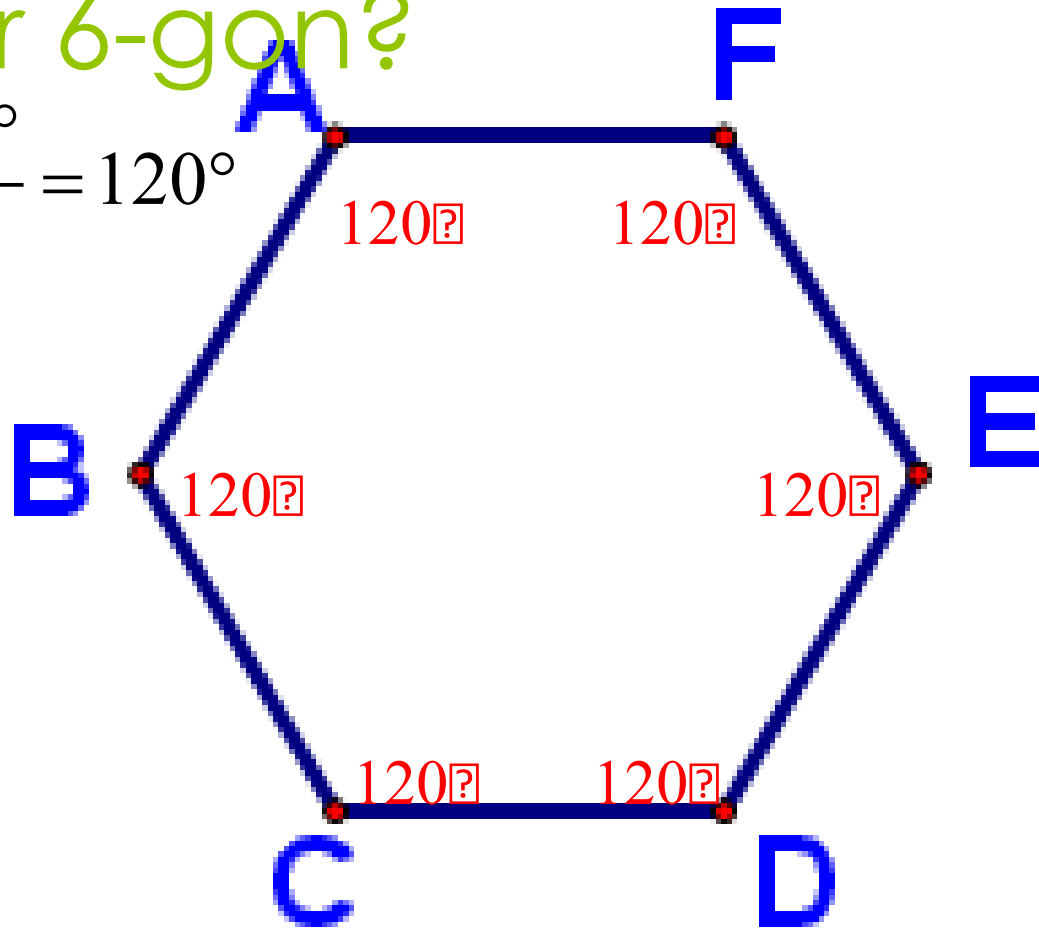
What is the measure of each interior angle of a regular 5-gon?



$$\frac{\text{sum}}{n} = \frac{540^\circ}{5} = 108^\circ$$

What is the measure of each interior angle of a regular 6-gon?

$$\frac{\text{sum}}{n} = \frac{720^\circ}{6} = 120^\circ$$



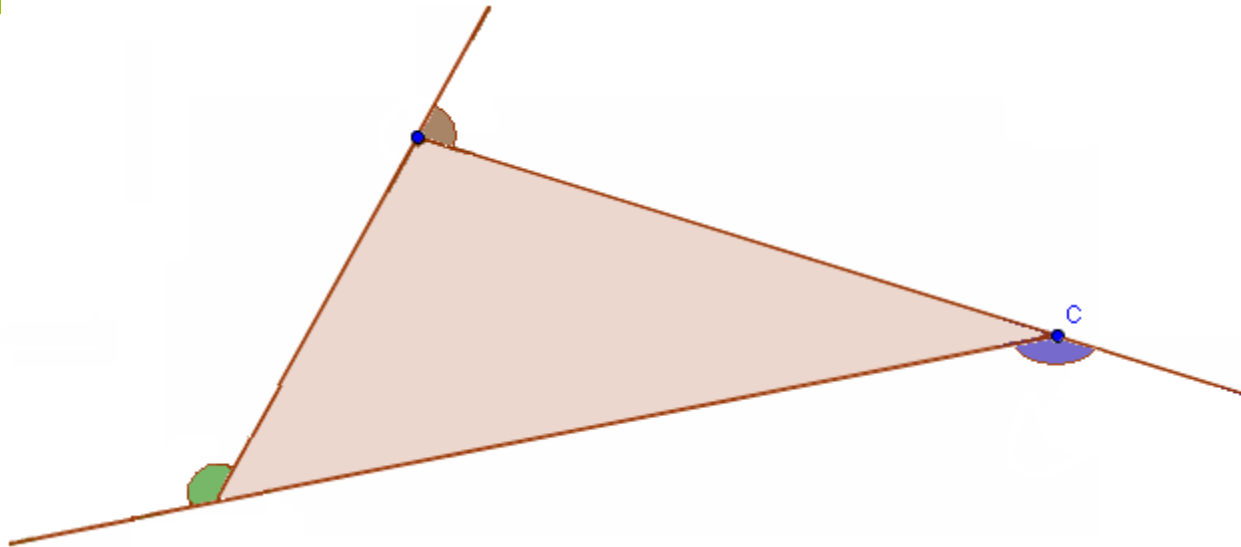
What is the measure of each interior angle of a regular n-gon?

$$\frac{\text{sum}}{n} = \frac{(n - 2)180}{n}$$

What is the measure of each interior angle of a regular n-gon?

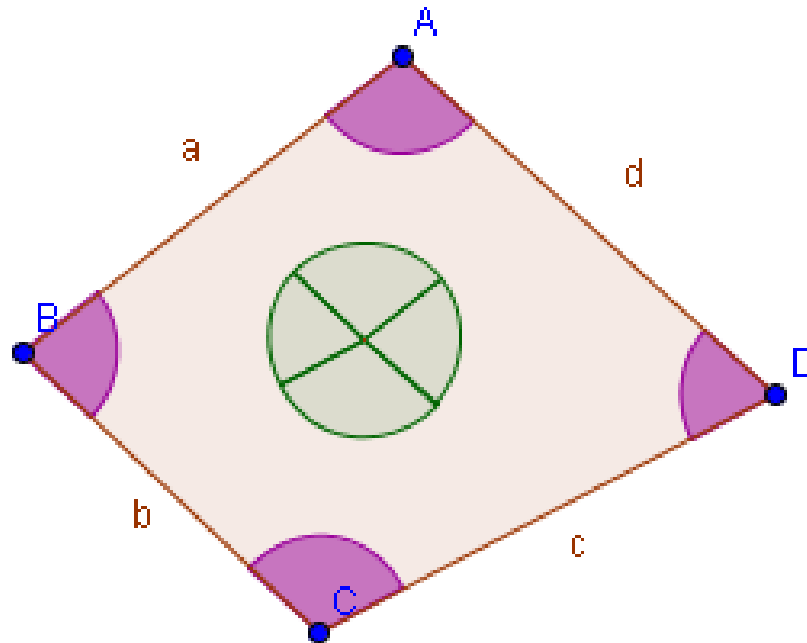
Polygon	Number of Sides	Measure of Each Interior Angle
Triangle	3	60°
Quadrilateral	4	90°
Pentagon	5	108°
Hexagon	6	120°
n-gon	n	$(n - 2)180^\circ/n$

What is the sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a 3-gon? (a triangle)



Sum of Measures of Exterior Angles =
360°

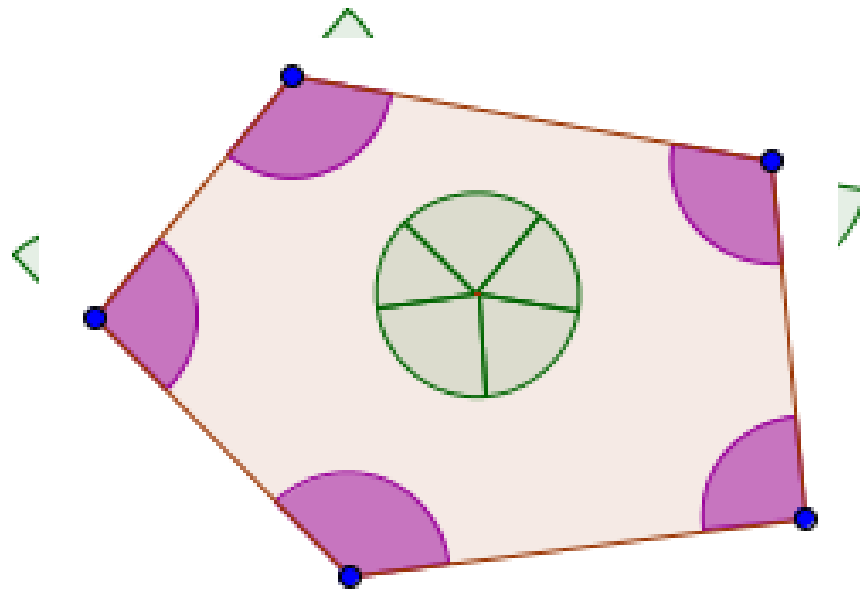
What is the sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a 4-gon? (a quadrilateral)



Sum of Measures of Green Angles

[GeoGebra Applet at Geometry Online](#) = 360°

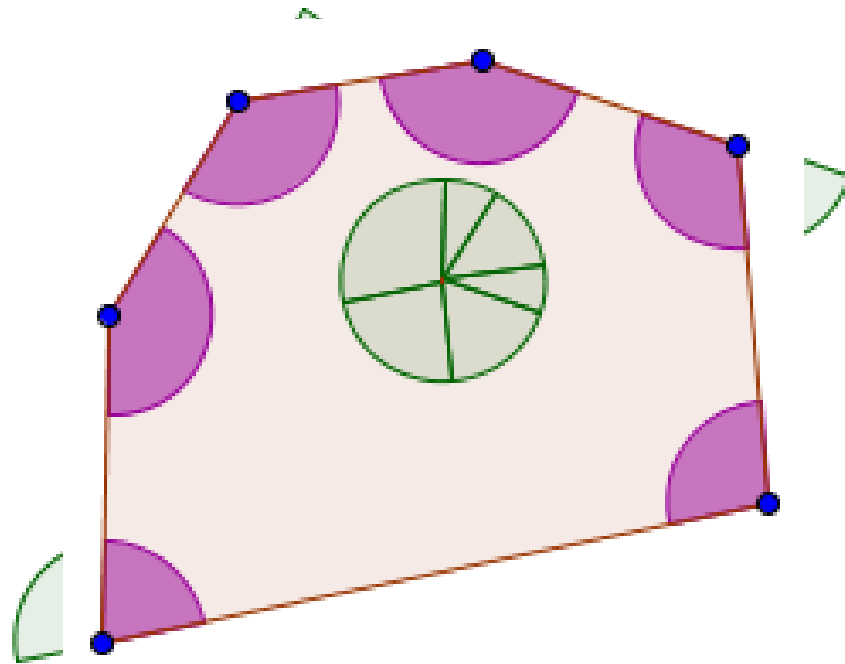
What is the sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a 5-gon? (a pentagon)



Sum of Measures of Green Angles
= 360°

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What is the sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a 6-gon? (a hexagon)



Sum of Measures of Green Angles
= 360°

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What is the sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a convex n-gon?

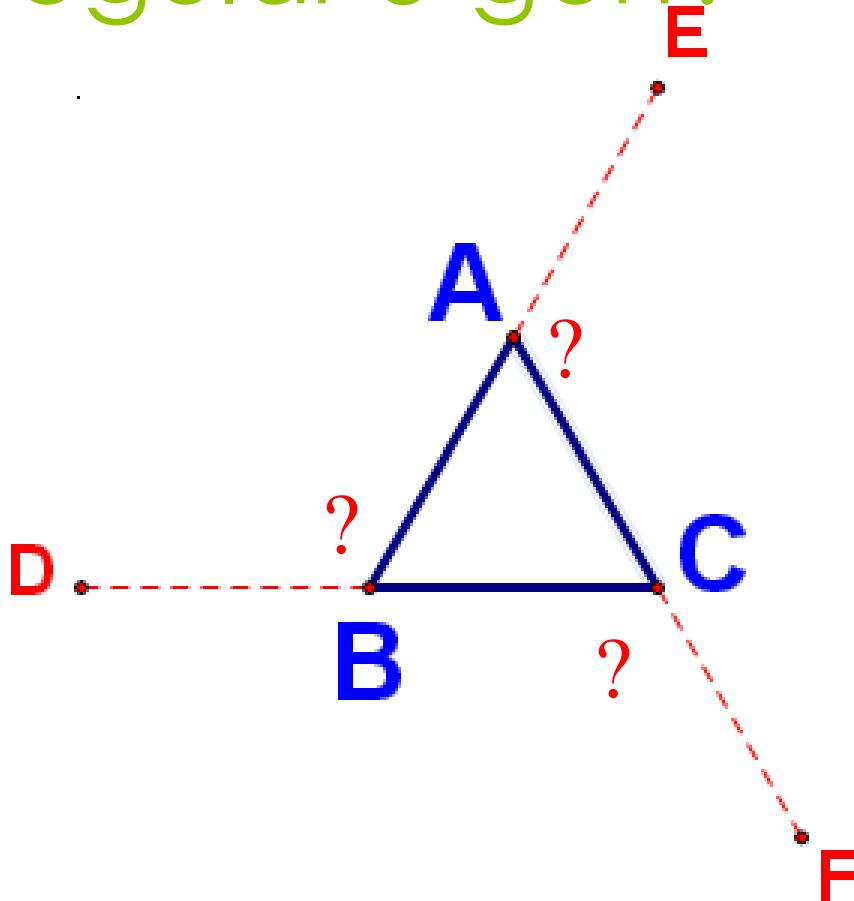
$$\text{sum} = 360^\circ$$

Yes, always, no matter what n is!

What is the sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a convex n-gon?

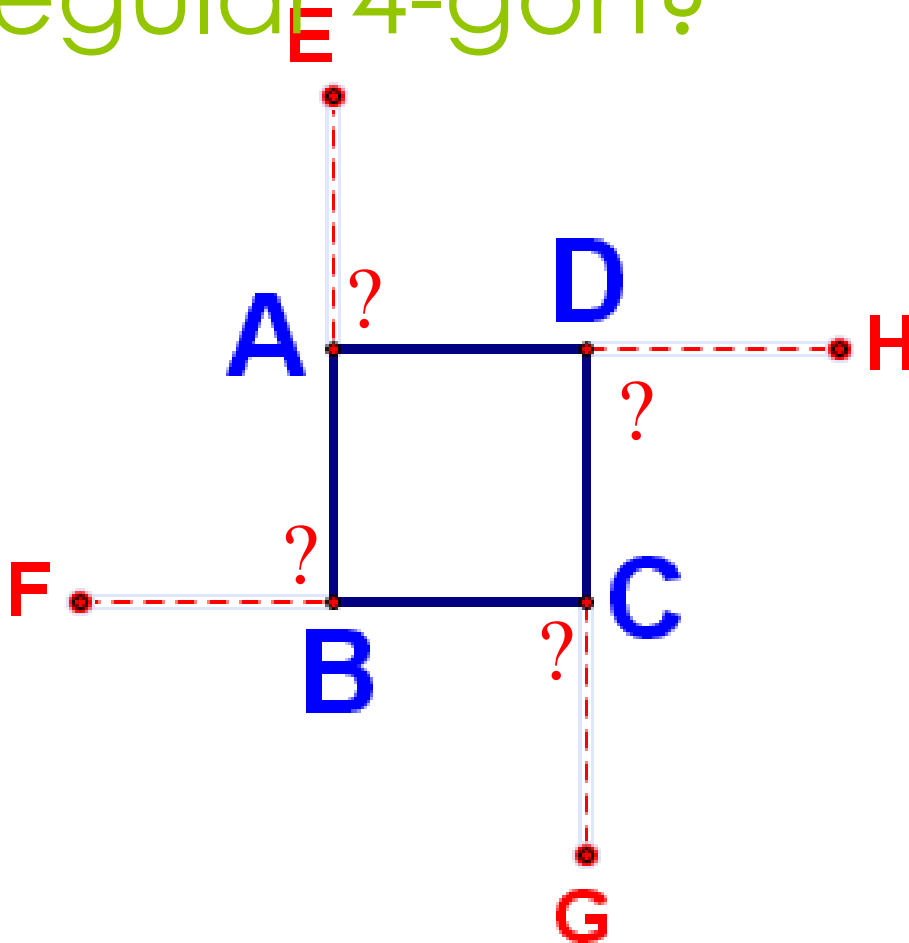
Polygon	Number of Sides	Sum of Measures of Exterior Angles
Triangle	3	360°
Quadrilateral	4	360°
Pentagon	5	360°
Hexagon	6	360°
n-gon	n	360°

What is the measure of each exterior angle of a regular 3-gon?



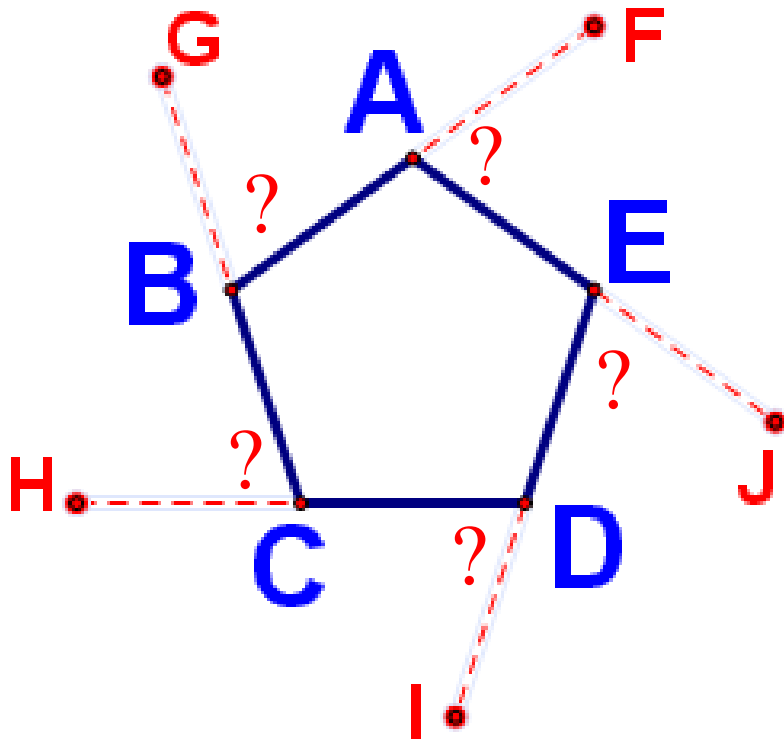
$$\frac{\text{sum}}{n} = \frac{360^\circ}{n}$$
$$= \frac{360^\circ}{3} = 120^\circ$$

What is the measure of each exterior angle of a regular 4-gon?



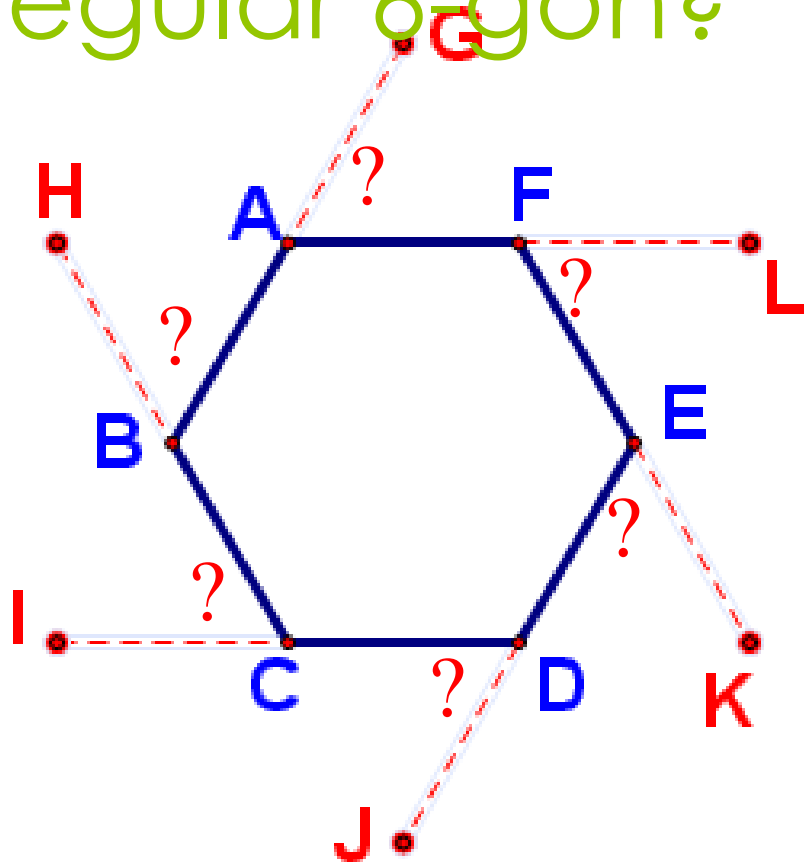
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\text{sum}}{n} &= \frac{360^\circ}{n} \\ &= \frac{360^\circ}{4} = 90^\circ \end{aligned}$$

What is the measure of each exterior angle of a regular 5-gon?



$$\frac{\text{sum}}{n} = \frac{360^\circ}{n}$$
$$= \frac{360^\circ}{5} = 72^\circ$$

What is the measure of each exterior angle of a regular 6-gon?



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\text{sum}}{n} &= \frac{360^\circ}{n} \\ &= \frac{360^\circ}{6} = 60^\circ \end{aligned}$$

What is the measure of each exterior angle of a regular n-gon?

$$\frac{\text{sum}}{n} = \frac{360}{n}$$

What is the measure of each exterior angle of a regular n-gon?

Polygon	Number of Sides	Measure of Each Exterior Angle
Triangle	3	120°
Quadrilateral	4	90°
Pentagon	5	72°
Hexagon	6	60°
n-gon	n	$360^\circ/n$

For a *convex polygon* with n sides:

The sum of the measures of the interior angles is

$$(n - 2) \cdot 180$$

The sum of the measures of the exterior angles is

$$360^\circ$$

For a *regular polygon* with n sides:

The measure of one interior angle is

$$\frac{(n - 2) \cdot 180}{n}$$

n

The measure of one exterior angle is

$$\frac{360}{n}$$

n